

E1 technologies and applications

ELISS (31.08.2023)

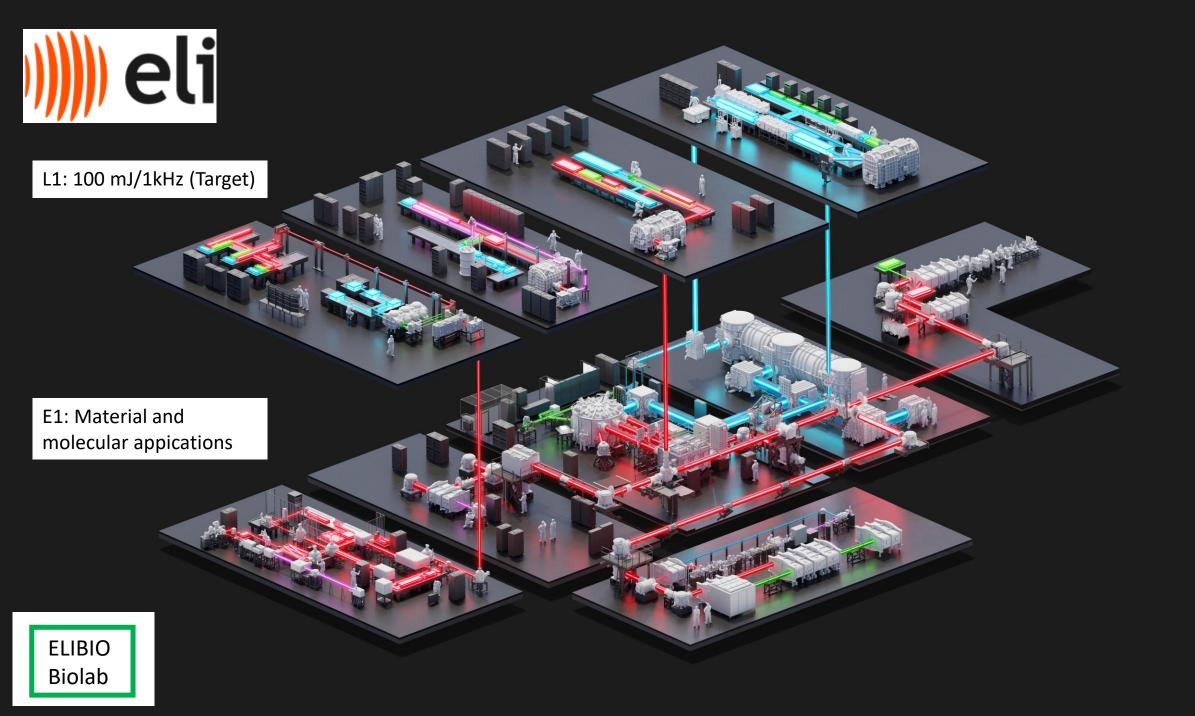
Jakob Andreasson Head of Department for Structural Dynamics The European Extreme Light Infrastructure ERIC





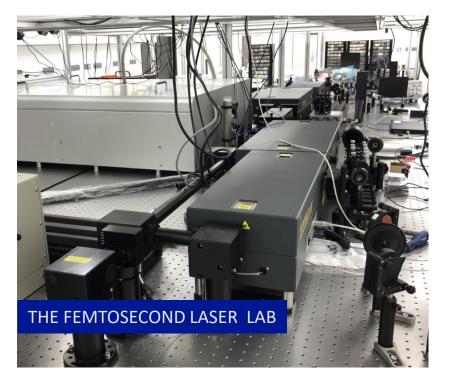


IMPULSE is funded by the European Union's Horizon 2020 programme under grant agreement No. 871161



The life-science infrastructure created by ELIBIO at ELI Beamlines





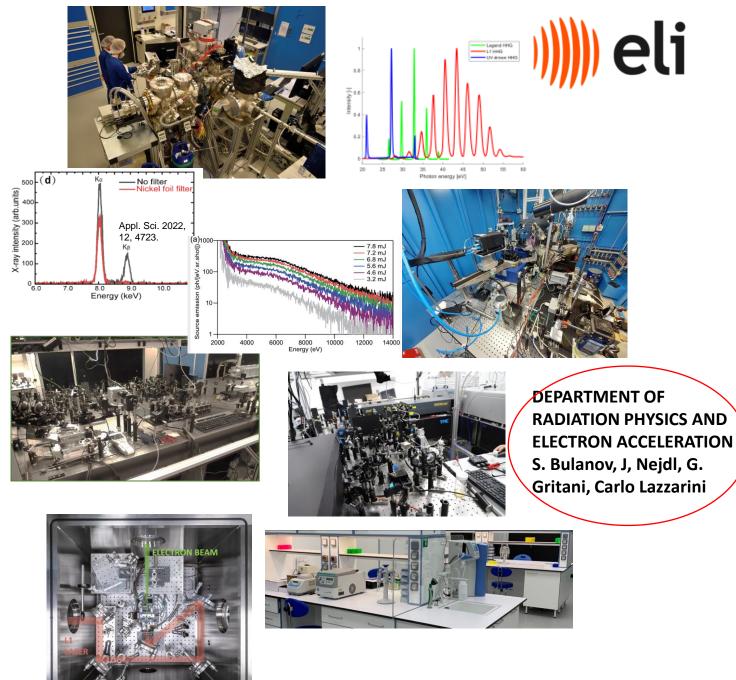


ENVIRONMENTAL SCANNING EM with CRYO COOLING

Negligible risk of surface transmission of SARS-CoV-2 in public transportation

Alina Pilipenco, et al.,

Journal of Travel Medicine, taad065, <u>https://doi.org/10.1093/jtm/taad065</u> Publication date: 2023/5/3



E1, L1 User Science @kHz

experimental hall and associated labs

Science with Coherent XUV radiation

- AMO science, CDI, XUV material science
- Time of flight spectroscopy, Velocity Map Imaging, XUV spectroscopy
- Pure and doped clusters and droplets, molecular beam, fixed targets
- XUV source development, variety of targets and diagnostics

Hard X-ray science

- X-ray diffraction and scattering, X-ray spectroscopy
- Plasma X-ray source development; Cu tape/liquid targets (water, metal)
- CW X-ray sources for steady state characterization
- Eulerian Cradle diffractometer with fully motorised sample positioning system
- Von Hamos spectrometer geometry; solid, powder, liquid samples

Ultrafast optical spectroscopy (E1 and Biolab)

- Time resolved spectroscopic ellipsometry (E1 optical)
- Transient Current Technique (E1 optical)
- IR spectroscopy
- Femtosecond Stimulated Raman Scattering and Transient Absorption

ALFA: kHz electron acceleration

• kHz electron acceleration and X-ray generation

Sample preparations support lab (ELIBIO Biolab)

- Sample preparation, including Bio safety level 2
 Wet processes, crystallization, cold room
- Supporting spectroscopy methods
- Optical/light microscopy
- Electron microscopy
- Imaging ellipsometry
- .

4



Overview; ELI Beamlins E1 experimental hall and the L1 Allegra kHz laser

HARD X-ray applications;

spectroscopy, radiolysis

Plasma X-ray source

Diffraction, imaging

SOFT X-ray (XUV) applications: AMO and material science

Gas target HHG

Ultrafast Optical spectroscopy, MIR to DUV

Function is fundamentally related to dynamics!

e

L1 HALL

E1 HALL

beamlines

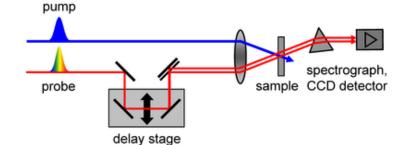
In the E1 experimental hall we have developed beamlines and stations for time-resolved photon science experiments in the mid IR to Hard X-ray range

L1-E1 system

ALLEGRA SYSTEM

OPCPA

These are used for time resolved experiments using pumpprobe techniques to study femtosecond to millisecond dynamics

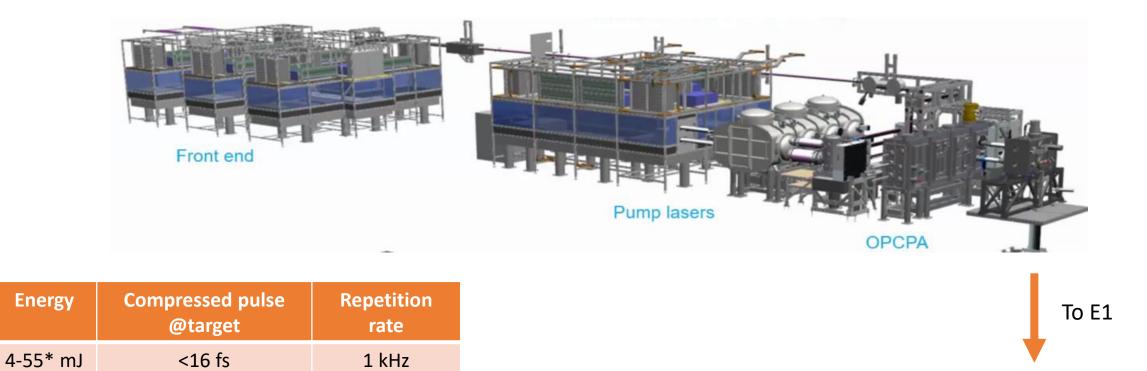




https://www.elibeams.eu/facility/lasers

L1 ALLEGRA System

- The L1 Allegra laser amplifies picosecond pulses in broadband OPCPA and compression to <20 femtosecond using chirped mirrors.
- The pump lasers are based on Yb:YAG thin disk technology.
- The central wavelength is 860 nm, beam profile is Gaussian-like and the polarization is linear spolarization.
- Pre-pulse temporal contrast (up to 5 ps before pulse) is 10^-10.
- Upgrade underway: Independent, synchronized 2nd beam at 12 mJ (FSYNC)



*The higher pulse energies can be provided but at the potential risk of reduced reliability in delivery. Contact ELI staff for discussion.



Optional drive laser for XUV and X-ray experiments (TiSap)



Drive lasers for optical

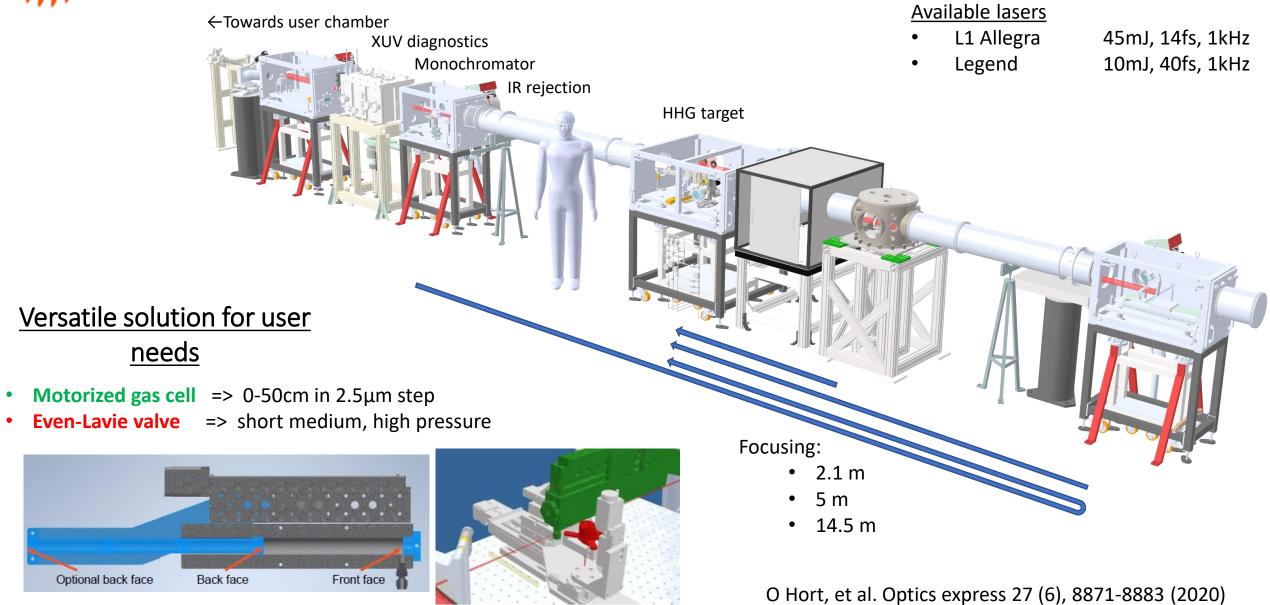
spectroscopy

FSRS, TA and timeresolved ellipsometry, IR spectroscopy, Transient Current

Laser	Energy	Compressed pulse @target	Repetition rate
Coherent Astrella	7 mJ	<40 fs	1 kHz
Spectra Physics Doublet /Femtopower	4.5 mj	30 fs	1 kHz
Spectra Physics Doublet/ Solstice	7 mj	40 fs	1 kHz



XUV science; E1 User oriented HHG beamline





XUV science, High-order Harmonic Generation (HHG) Beamline

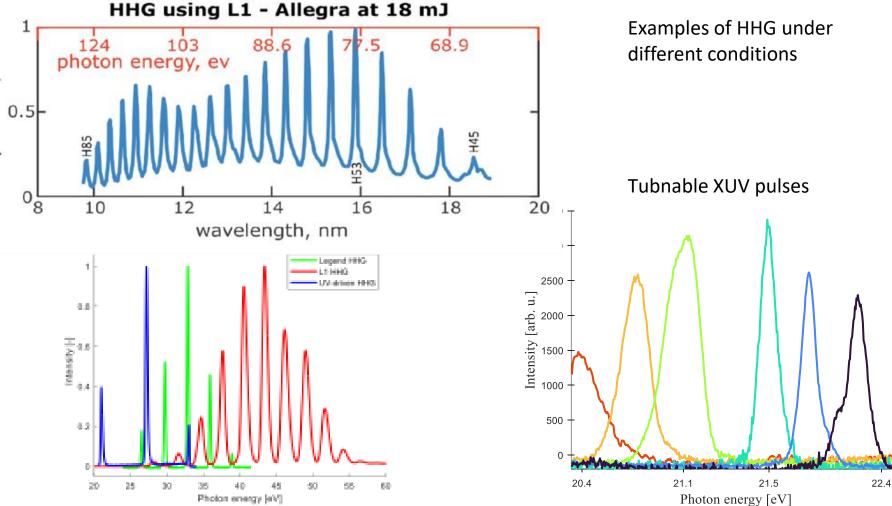
Presently the source is set to a 5 m focal length

Conversion efficiency up to 5 x 10⁻⁶ for argon

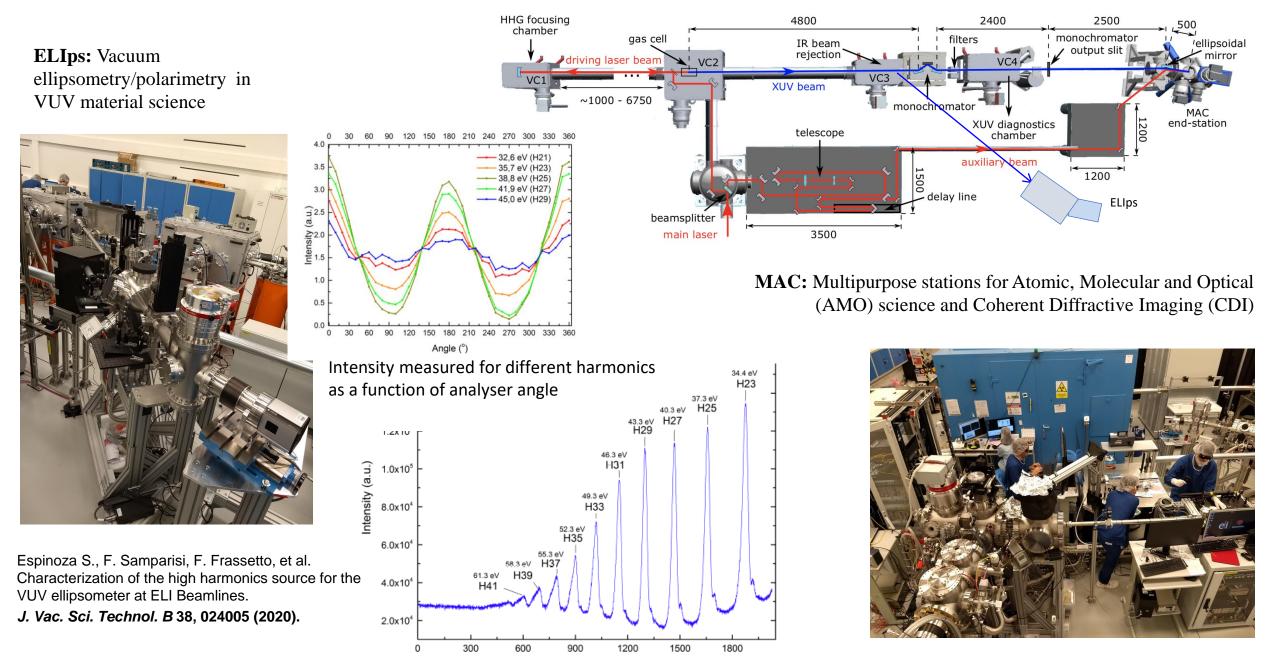
Diagnostics including a Flat field XUV spectrometer, a calibrated XUV diode, and a wavefront sensor



HHG source in short focal length configurations



XUV science: HHG source and XUV end stations





AMO science, mainly gas phase targets

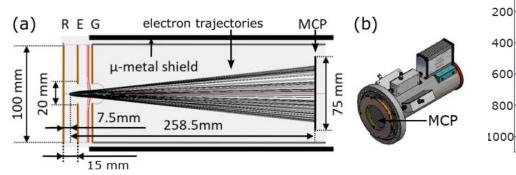
Optical/XUV pump probe experiments using either XUV monochromator or refocusing multilayer optics

Gas phase and fixed targets:

Molecular beam, clusters, aerosols, 5 degrees of motion fixed target stage

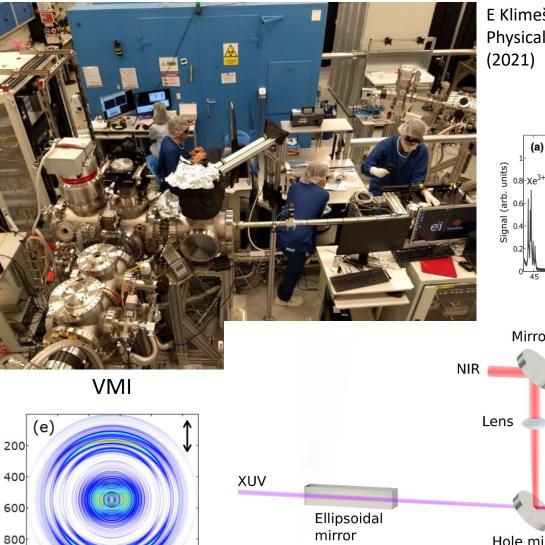
Detectors:

- Ion and electron Time of Flight spectromters
- Velocity Map Imaging (VMI),CMOS and event-driven Tpx3Cam detector (Amsterdam Scientific Instruments) in commissioning
- XUV imaging detector



MAC; station for XUV AMO Science

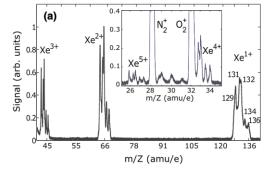
AMO - Atomic, Molecular and Optical

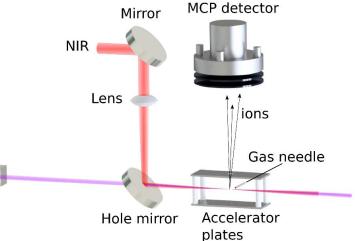


200 400 600 800 1000

E Klimešová, et al., The European Physical Journal Special Topics, 1-12 (2021)

Time of flight





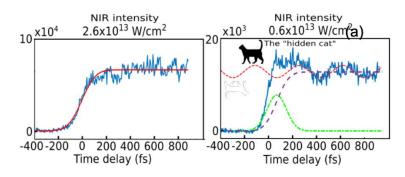
Gas phase time of flight experiment



HHG/MAC beamline, recent highlights / publications

Electron correlation dynamics in atomic Kr excited by XUV pulses and controlled by NIR laser pulses of variable intensity Andreas II. Boos, et al. New J. Phys. 25 (12028 (2022))

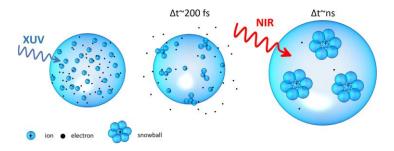
Andreas H. Roos, et al., New J. Phys. 25 013038 (2023)



Probing quantum oscillations of an excited electron wavepacket in a superposition of excited states by tuning the NIR intensity.

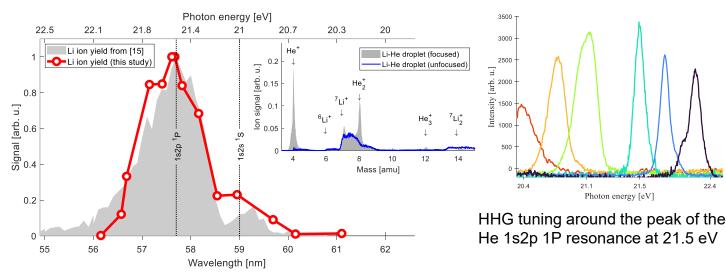
Long-lasting XUV activation of helium nanodroplets for avalanche ionization

C. Medina, et al., NJP 25 (5), 053030 (2023)



With nanodroplets first irradiated by a weak EUV pulse, nanoplasma ignition by the infrared pulse becomes much more efficient. An effect lasting up to many nanoseconds.

Bright continuously-tunable VUV source for ultrafast spectroscopy L. Jurkovičova, et al., arXive <u>http://arxiv.org/abs/2301.10508</u>, under review (2023)



Li+ ion yield (red) from Li-doped He nanodroplets excited by a spectrally tuned 7th order harmonic radiation

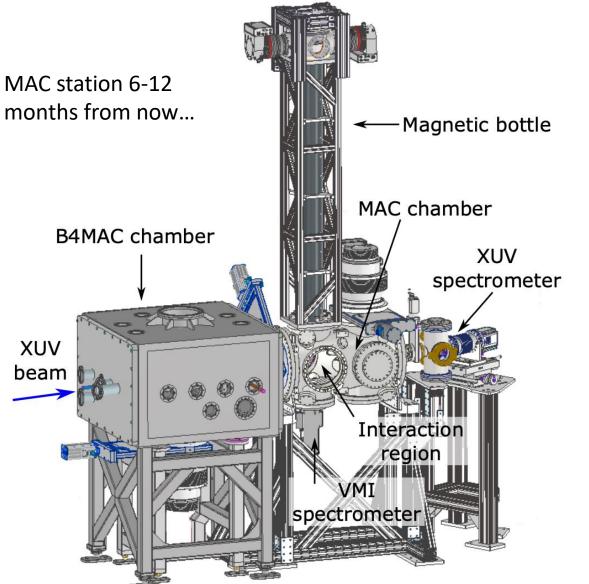
Phase-matched high-order harmonic generation in pre-ionized noble gases

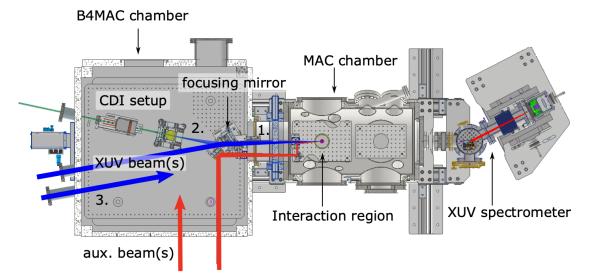
O. Finke *et al.* Sci Rep 12, 7715 (2022). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-022-11313-6



MAC; station for XUV AMO Science

AMO - Atomic, Molecular and Optical





Immediate instrument upgrades

- Magnetic Bottle Electron spoectroemter
- Beam conditioning chamber (B4MAC)
- Coincidence ion/e spectrscopy
- XUV spectrometer

"New" Scientific areas

- Extend into/revisit XUV material science
- XUV polarimetry
- XUV-XUV experiments (FSYNC beam)

Hard X-ray science X-ray sources and applications

- Diffraction and spectroscopy
- Plasma X-ray source development

Screen

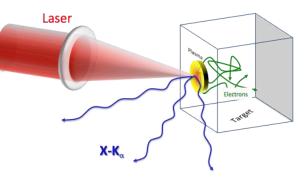
X-ray imaging .

.

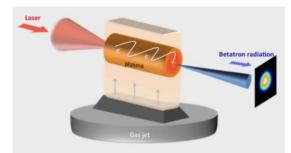
Object

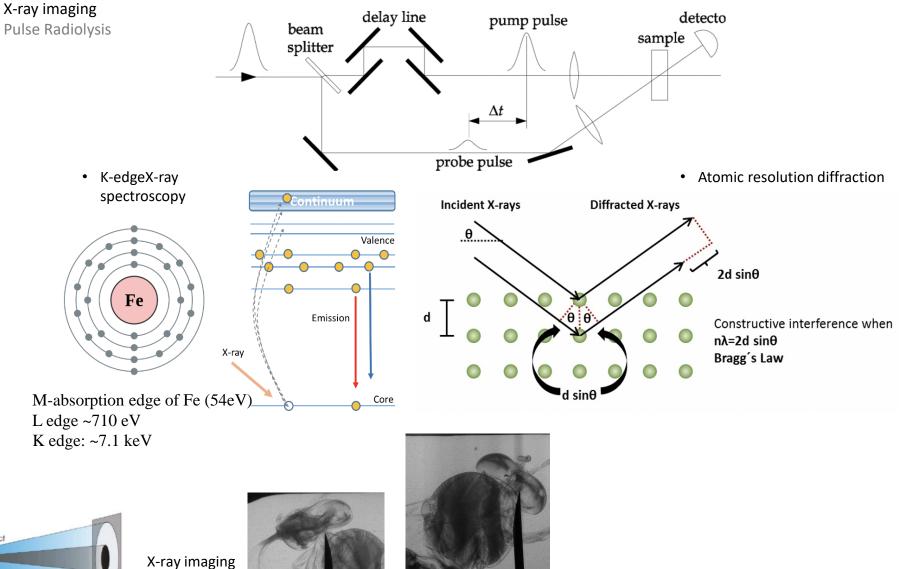
Source

Plasma X-ray Source (PXS)



Betatron source



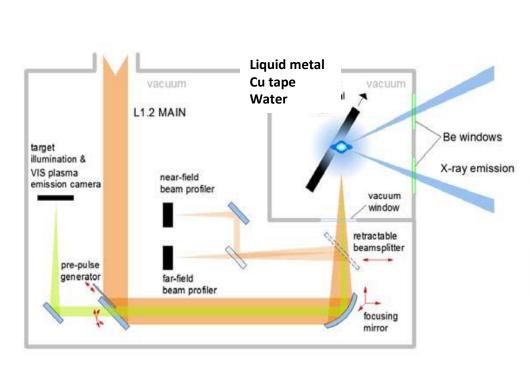


Shadow imaging->Phase contrast imaging, ptychography, ...



Hard X-ray science, diffraction and spectroscopy Plasma X-ray sources: Energy range: 2 to 30 keV, 1 kHz

 $(a)_{1000}$



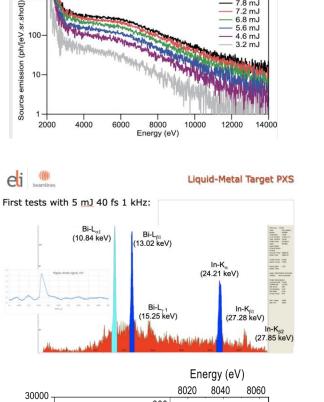
Liquid metal jet source

• OPTICS LETTERS Vol. 27, No. 10, p 866, May 15, 2002 Cu tape source

- F. Zamponi, et al., Applied Physics A volume 96, pages51–58 (2009)
- Elsaesser et al. The Journal of Chemical Physics 140, 020901 (2014) doi: 10.1063/1.4855115

Water jet source

• L. Miaja-Avila et al. Structural Dynamics 2, 024301 (2015) doi: 10.1063/1.4913585

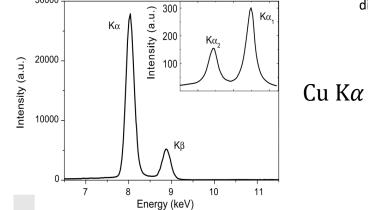


- 7.8 mJ

---- 7.2 mJ

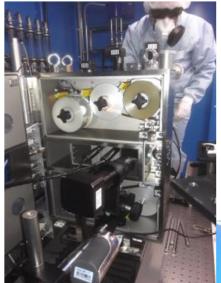
Experiments using the polychromatic emission for absorption and emission spectroscopy

Experiments using the monochromatized emission for diffraction and scattering



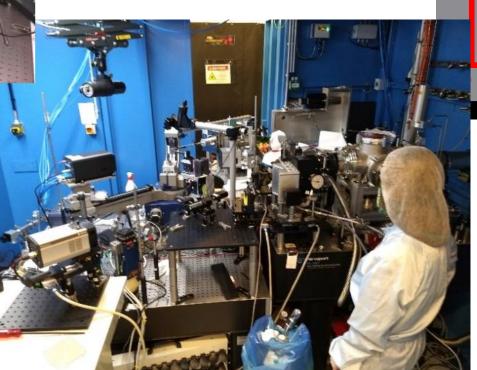


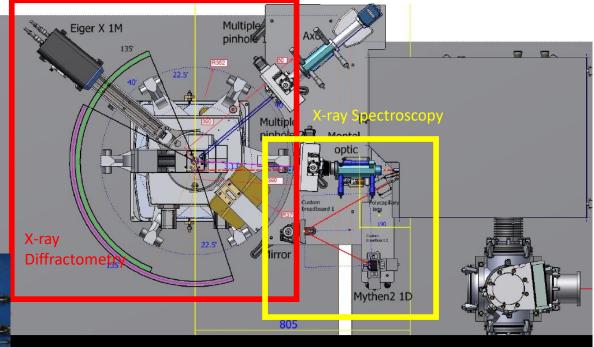
TREX, X ray station at ELI Beamlines



Left: Cu tape source for pulse hard X-ray generation

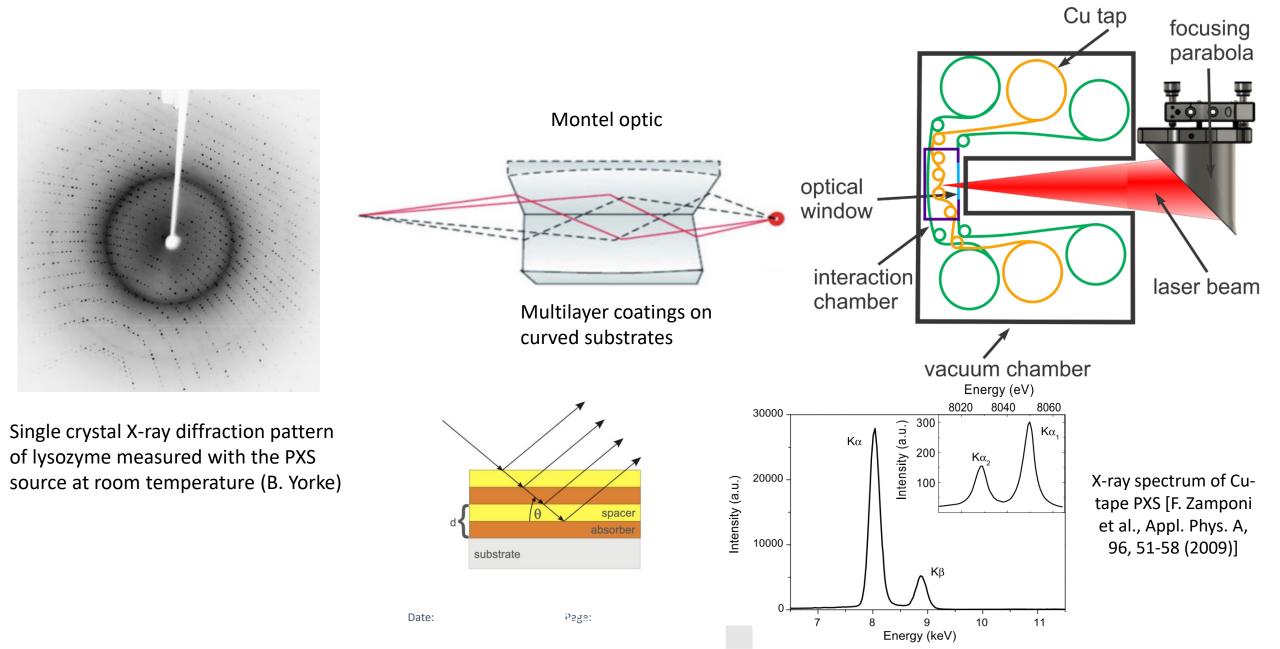
Below: X-ray experiment set up (Diffraction and spectroscopy)

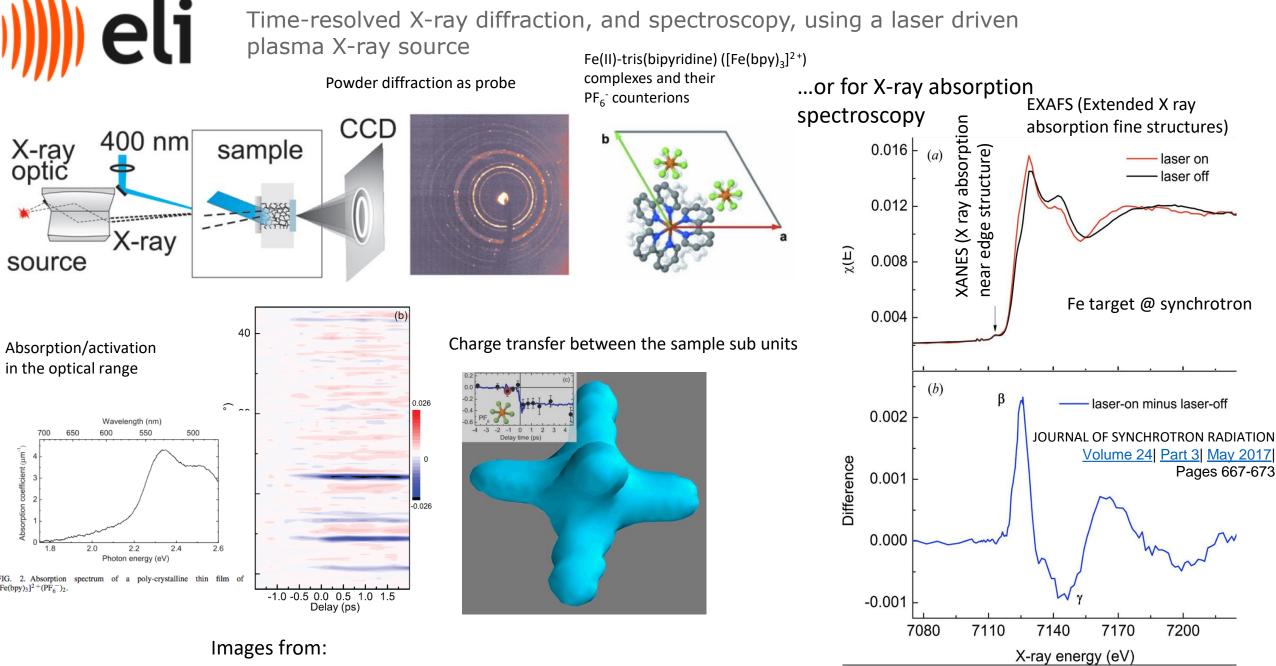




Modular set-ups for diffraction and spectroscopy

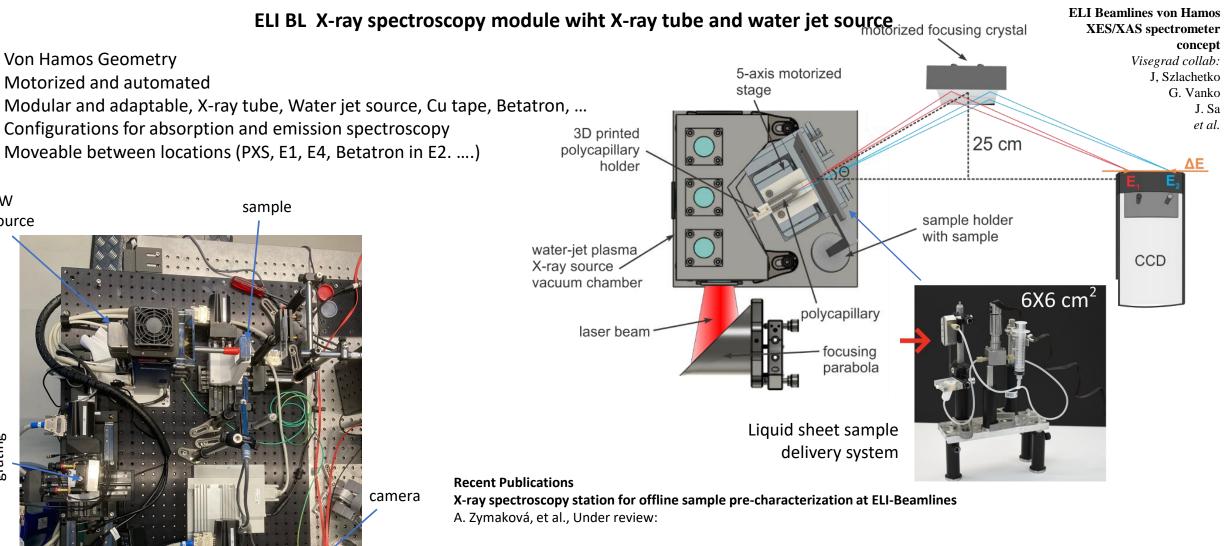
Monochromatization and focuisng of X-ray for diffraction applications





Freyer et al. The Journal of Chemical Physics **138**, 144504 (2013); doi: 10.1063/1.4800223

Elsaesser et al The Journal of Chemical Physics **140**, 020901 (2014); doi: 10.1063/1.4855115



First experiments with a water-jet plasma X-ray source driven by the in-house developed L1 Allegra laser at ELI-Beamlines, A. Zymaková, et al., Journal of Synchrotron Radiation, Volume 28, Part 6, pages 1778-1785 (2021),

Implementation of a crossed-slit system for fast alignment of sealed polycapillary X-ray optics Anna Zymaková, et al., Journal of Synchrotron Radiation 27 (6), 1730-1733,

A fast-integrated X ray Emission spectrometer dedicated on the investigation of the Pt presence in gold Celtic coins (3rd -1st century BCE)

A. Zymaková, et al., X-Ray Spectrometry (2023), DOI: 10.1002/xrs.3354

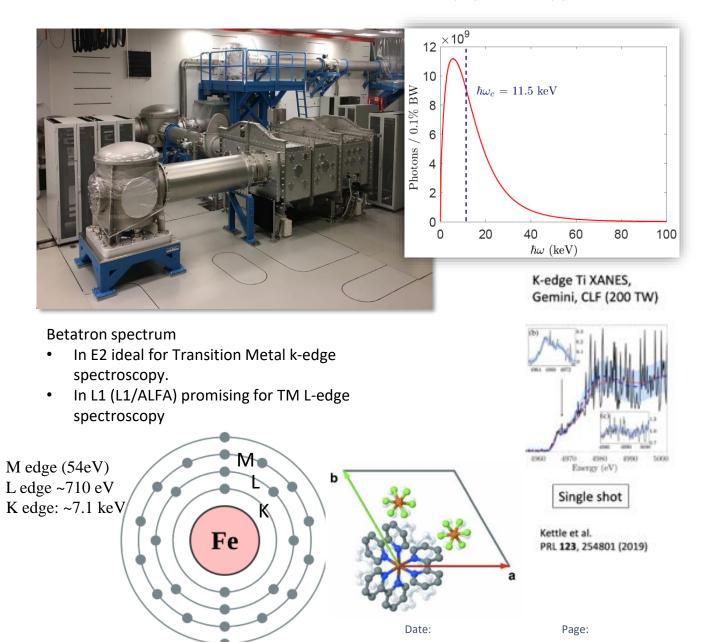
grating

CW

source

Outlook: New and upgrades X-ray sources

LPA sources for X-ray spectroscopy, Mid IR drive of PXS



NATURE PHOTONICS DOI: 10.1038/NPHOTON.2014.256

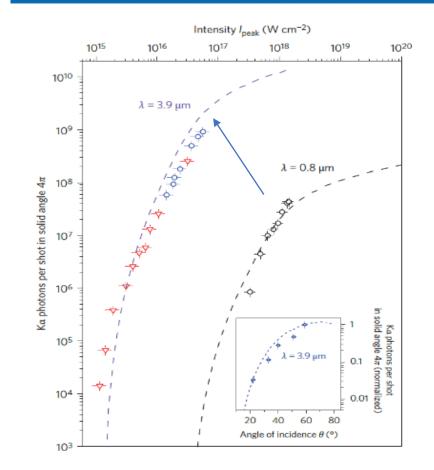


Figure 2 | Generated X-ray K α flux as a function of the laser-peak intensity. Comparison of experiment (symbols) with theory (dashed lines)

2 orders of magnitude increase by going to 5 um MIR drive and 3 kHz

ALFA: Allegra Laser for Acceleration

Compact platform for LWFA electron acceleration and applications

Idea:

- I. Develop a compact source of high repetition rate (> 1 kHz) high energy (> 50 MeV) stable electrons
- II. Make it open and available for external sser experiments



mrad

Main results:

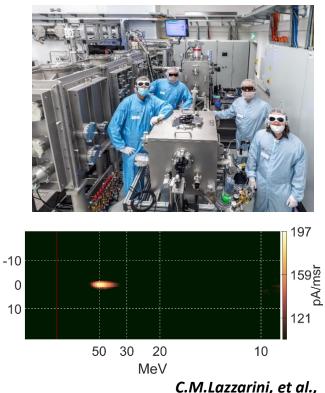
- I. New ALFA kHz LWFA beamline driven by multi-cycle (15 fs) OPCPA power scalable 1 kHz laser
- I. Highest electrons energy (up 50 MeV quasi-monoenergetic) ever reached at kHz repetition rate
- II. Very collimated high energy beams: average divergence 2.1 mrad (FWHM)
- III. Higher power mode at tens of MeV, higher current (0.3 nA for > 20 MeV)
- IV. Possibility to accelerate in continuous 1 kHz mode over hours
- V. First irradiation tests with **in-air dose rate estimated > 1 Gy/s**

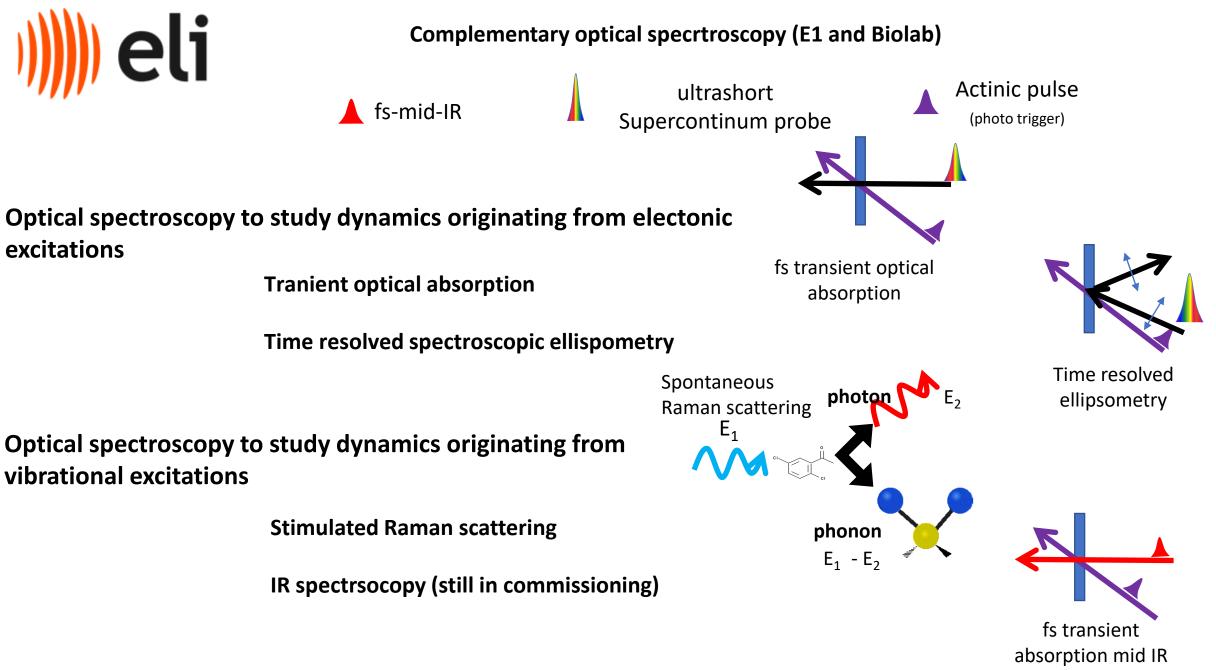
New applications made possible:

I. Very High Energy Electrons (VHEE) source for radiotherapy [Citrin, D. E. N. Eng. J. Med. **377**, 1065-1075 (2017);Svendsen, K. et al. Sci. Rep. **11**, 5844 (2021)]

II. X-ray sources for medical imaging and soft X-ray spectroscopy [Brummer, T. et al. *Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams* 23, 031601 (2020)]

III. Electrons as test source for experiments in-air or in-vacuum



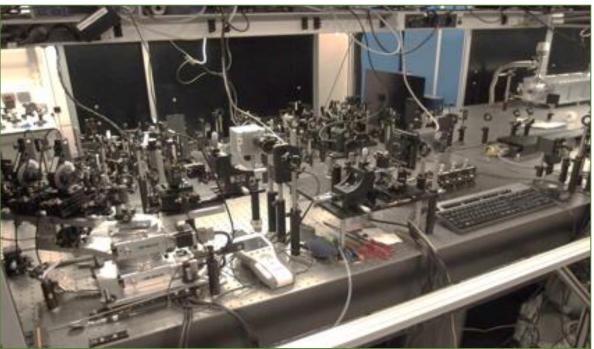


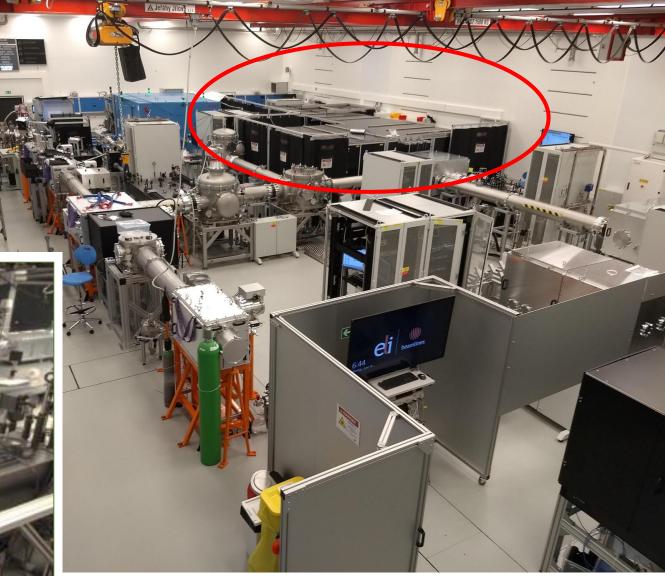
+ Station for Transient Current measurements for detector testing



Optical spectroscopy in E1:

trELIps and TCT in operation IR in commissioning

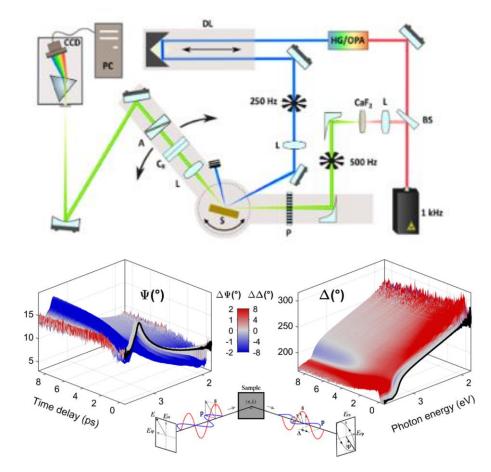






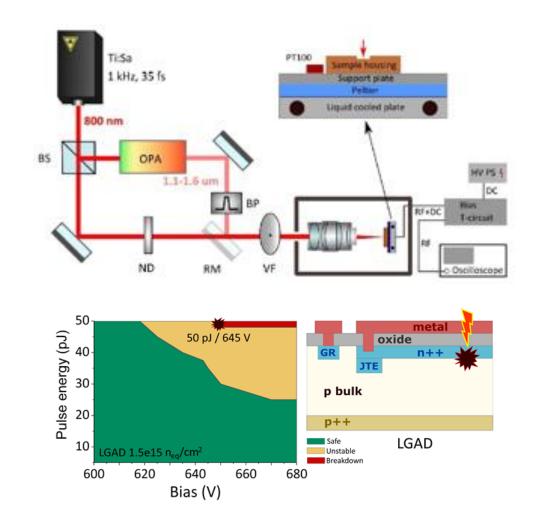
Optical spectroscopy, E1: trELlps and TCT

trELIps: Allows you to get transient changes in the dielectric function. Important e.g. for bandgap dynamics in semiconductors, plasmon dynamics and phase transitions



Temporal evolution of the ellipsometric angles Ψ (amplitude ratio) and Δ (phase difference) of the ZnO thin film after non-resonant UV pump measured at 60° angle of incidence

TCT (Transient Current Technique): One an two-photon exposure of new detector types (e.g. Low Gain Avalanch Diodes, LGADs). Safe and risky operting conditions can be identified and studied, e.g as a funcion of radiation exposure



eli Optical spectroscopy, E1: Selected recent highlights

trELlps:

Femtosecond pump-probe absorption edge spectroscopy of cubic GaN 1 and II Elias Baron, et al., Journal of Applied Physics 134 (7), <u>http://arxiv.org/abs/2206.02223</u>

Coherent acoustic phonon oscillations and transient critical point parameters of Ge from femtosecond pump-probe ellipsometry C. Emminger, et al., Phys. Status Solidi RRL2022,16, 2200058 https://doi.org/10.1002/pssr.202200058

Ultrafast dynamics of hot charge carriers in an oxide semiconductor probed by femtosecond spectroscopic ellipsometry S Richter, et al., New Journal of Physics 22 (8), 083066 (2020)

Transient dielectric functions of Ge, Si, and InP from femtosecond pump-probe ellipsometry S. Espinoza, et al. Applied Physics Letters 115 (5), 052105 (2019)

S Espinoza, et al., Applied Physics Letters 115 (5), 052105 (2019)

Transient birefringence and dichroism in ZnO studied with fs-timeresolved spectroscopic ellipsometry

O Herrfurth, et al., Physical Review Research 3 (1), 013246 (2021)

Photo-induced insulator-to-metal transition and excited states in LaCoO3 using femtosecond pump-probe ellipsometry M. Zahradnik, et al., Physical Review B, 105 (2022) 235213 https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevB.105.235113

TCT:

Exploring the Interpad Gap Region in Ultra-Fast Silicon Detectors: Insights into Isolation Structure and Electric Field Effects on Charge Multiplication G. Laštovička-Medin, et al., Sensors 2023, 23(15), 6746 (2023) https://doi.org/10.3390/s23156746

Femtosecond laser-based TCT-TPA and IBIC microscopy: two powerful depth profiling characterization tools for testing the micron-sized sensitive volumes in micro-strips or pixeled detectors for microdosimetry and hadron therapy G. Laštovička-Medin, et al., Eur. Phys. J. Spec. Top. 232, 1501–1511 (2023) https://doi.org/10.1140/epjs/s11734-023-00892-8

New Insight into Gain Suppression and Single Event Burnout Effects in LGAD

G. Laštovička-Medin, et al., Journal of Instrumentation 18 (02), C02059 (2023) DOI 10.1088/1748-0221/18/02/C02059

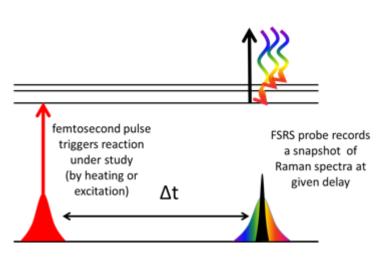
Studies of LGAD performance limitations, Single Event Burnout and Gain Suppression, with Femtosecond-Laser and Ion Beams

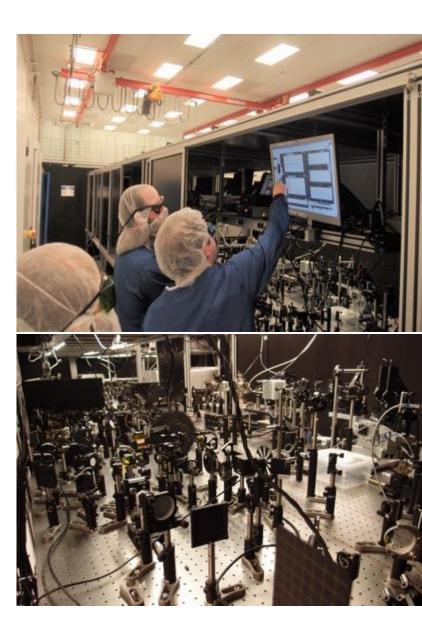
G. Laštovička-Medin, et al., Nuclear Inst. and Methods in Physics Research, A (NIMA), DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2022.167388



Optical spectroscopy, Biolab: FSRS and TA

Femtosecond stimulated Raman spectroscopy allows monitoring Raman vibration spectra of molecules with sub-ps time resolution. When used with reactions that can be triggered, ideally phototriggered, it is powerful tool to follow reaction dynamics and structural changes with high time resolution and high acquisition speed.





FSRS Stimulated Raman probe:Time resolution ~100fsSpectral resolution ~1 cm-1Observed spectral window 30 - 4000cm-1Raman pulse wavelength 760-840 nmTriggering pulse pump:Time resolutions ~ 30fsSpectrum ~ 50 nm

Transient optical absorption (TA) Probe pulse: Time resolution: ~20fs Spectral resolution: ~1 nm Observed spectral window: 266 – 2500 nm Triggering pulse pump: Time resolutions: ~ 30fs Spectrum: ~ 50 nm

Selected recent highlights

TA and SRS

Sub-Millisecond Photoinduced Dynamics of Free and EL222-Bound FMN by Stimulated Raman and Visible Absorption Spectroscopies Biomolecules, 13(1) (2023) 161 DOI: <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/biom13010161</u>

Site-specific vibrational spectroscopy with non-canonical amino acids containing frequency-resolved labels Biophysical Journal 122 (3), 190a-191a DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bpj.2022.11.1168

Quantitative Energy Transfer in Organic Nanoparticles Based on Small-Molecule Ionic Isolation Lattices for UV Light Harvesting ACS Appl. Nano Mater. (2022); <u>https://doi.org/10.1021/acsanm.2c01899</u>

Photochemistry of (Z)-Isovinylneoxanthobilirubic Acid Methyl Ester, a Bilirubin Dipyrrinone Subunit: Femtosecond Transient Absorption and Stimulated Raman Emission Spectroscopy J. Org. Chem. 2022, 87, 5, 3089–3103

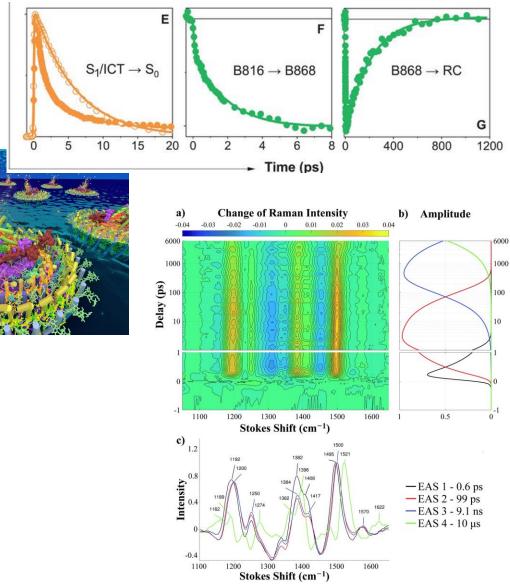
2.4-Å structure of the double-ring Gemmatimonas phototrophica photosystem Science Advances • 16 Feb 2022 • Vol 8, Issue 7

Optical and Infrared Spectroelectrochemical Studies of CN-Substituted Bipyridyl Complexes of Ruthenium(II) Inorg. Chem. 2021, DOI: 10.1021/acs.inorgchem.0c03579 (2021)

Spectroscopy and excited state dynamics of nearly infinite polyenes Phys.Chem.Chem.Phys., 2020, 22, 17867

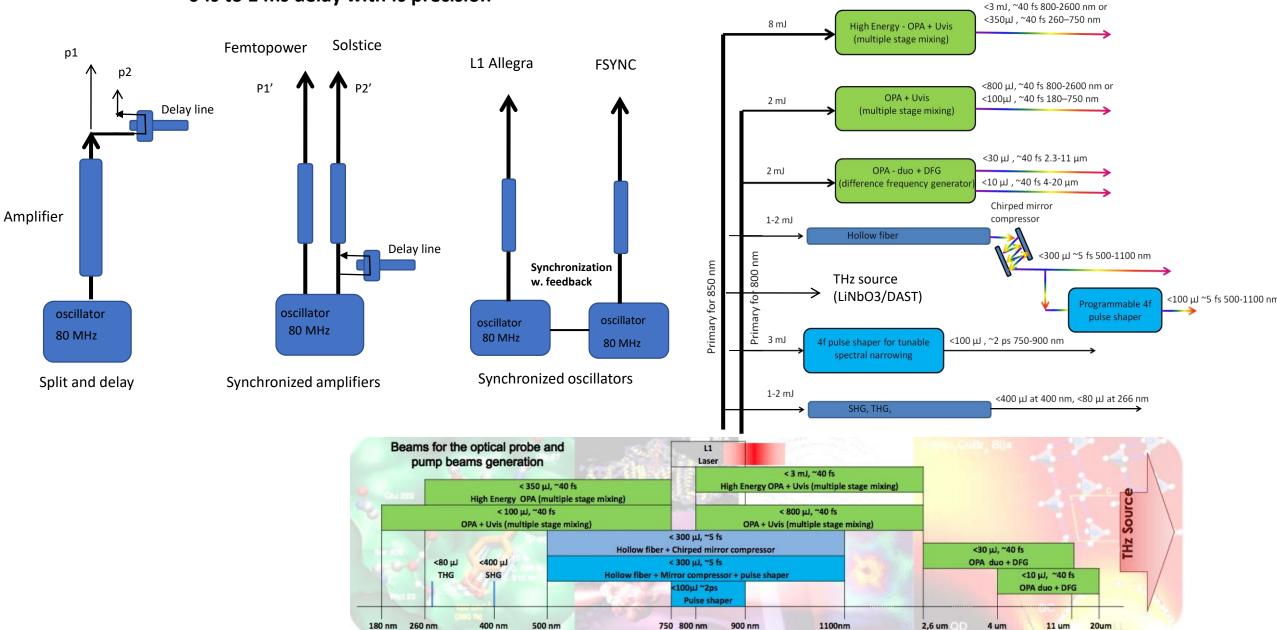
Femtosecond-to-nanosecond dynamics of flavin mononucleotide monitored by stimulated Raman spectroscopy and simulations Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics 22 (12), 6538-6552 (2020)

Structural dynamics upon photoexcitation-induced charge transfer in a dicopper(I)– disulfide complex M Naumova, et al., Chemical Physics 20 (9), 6274-6286 (2018) TA station: Electron transfer kinetics in the RC-dLH1 complex. (part of full figure).



FSRS station: Time-resolved femtosecondstimulated Raman (FSRS) spectrator FMN in the unbuffered water sample.

RP4 Optical pulse conversion and delays



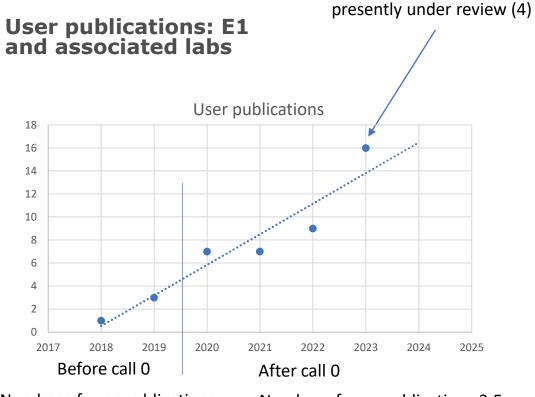
0 fs to 1 ms delay with fs precision



Open call experiments 2020-present and user publications

• ELI Beamlines E1 and associated labs

sum



Number of user publications before first call: 4

Number of user publications 3.5 years after first call: 39

Published/accepted (12) or

Call Nr of applications **Nr of experiments** performed or planned ERIC Call 2 (2023) 40 23 (in scheduling) ERIC Call 1 (2022) 17 16 BL Call 2 (2021) 29 24 BL Call 1 (2020) 22 22 BL Call 0 (2019) 22 19

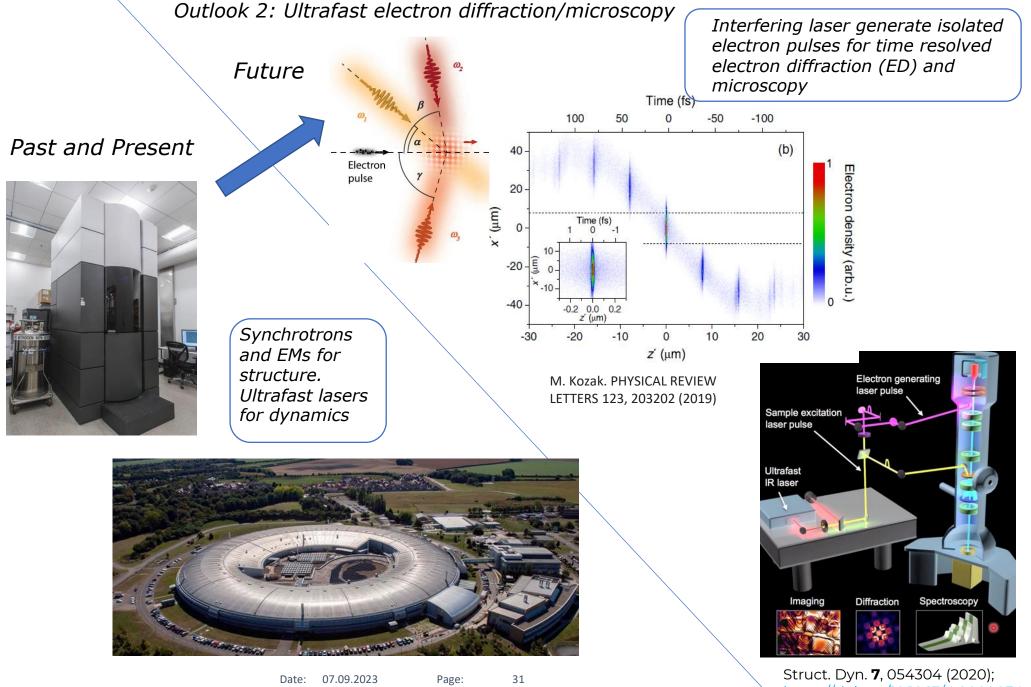
130

User publications mainly in areas of:

103

- AMO science
- Material science, wide band-gap semiconductors
- Source development
- Molecular dynamics, photo activated protein dynamcis

Total number of user publications: 43



https://doi.org/10.1063/4.0000034



ELI Beamlines E1 technology and applications Complementarity to facilities and university labs

High complementarity: Structure and dynamics



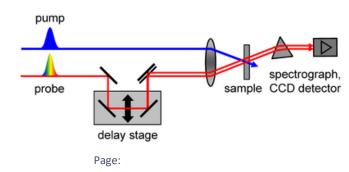
Synchrotrons:

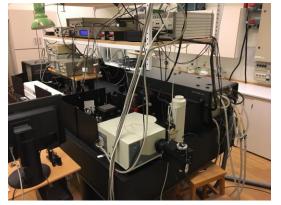
- Availability, reliability, tuneability, beam control, flux.
- Limited temporal resolution, synchronization



ELI Beamlines

- Flexible pump-probe experiments, THz to X-rays,
- Synchronization and temporal resolution
- Combination of complementary energy ranges and source parameters.
- Complementary ultrafast techniques (e.g. X-ray and IR/optical)
- Photon probes in combination with electron and ion beams





University lab

- Availability (once you have it and it is working)
- Big effort to keep updated and maintained for an individual lab
- Risk of under-utilized



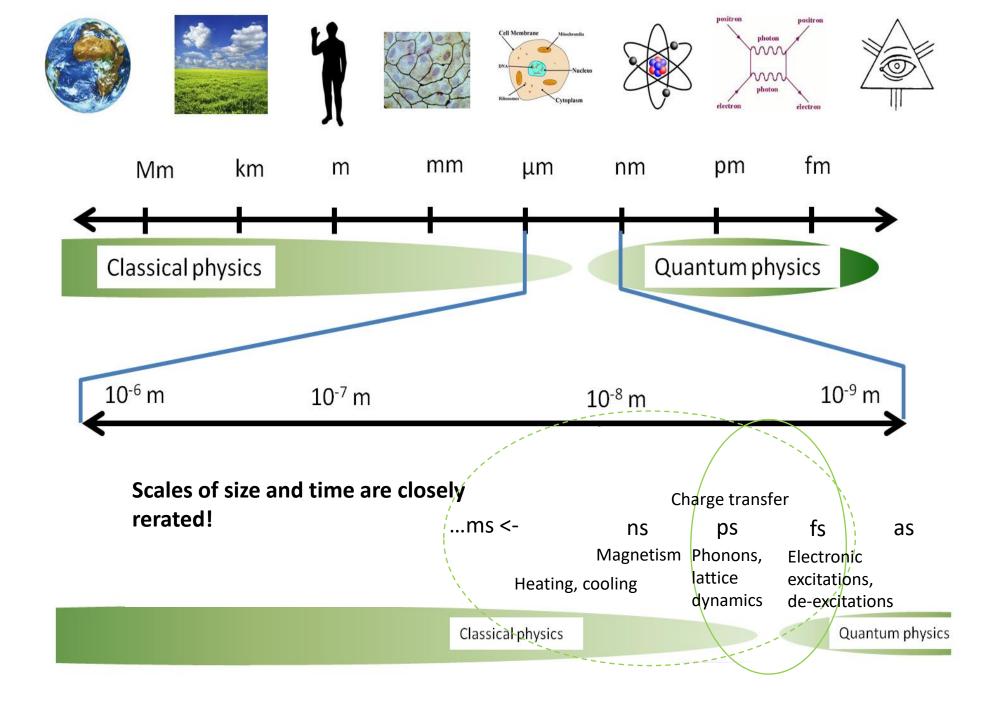
X-ray FELs

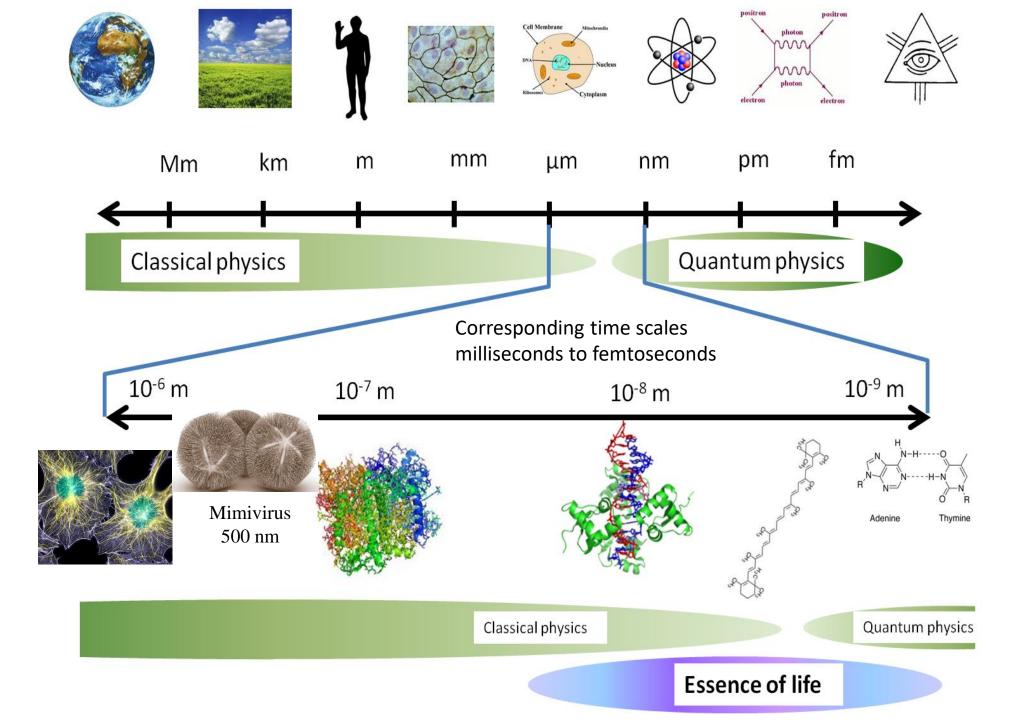
- Photons per pulse, fs pulses, tuneability
- Availability (cost of beamtime), synchronization

Date:



Thank you for your attention

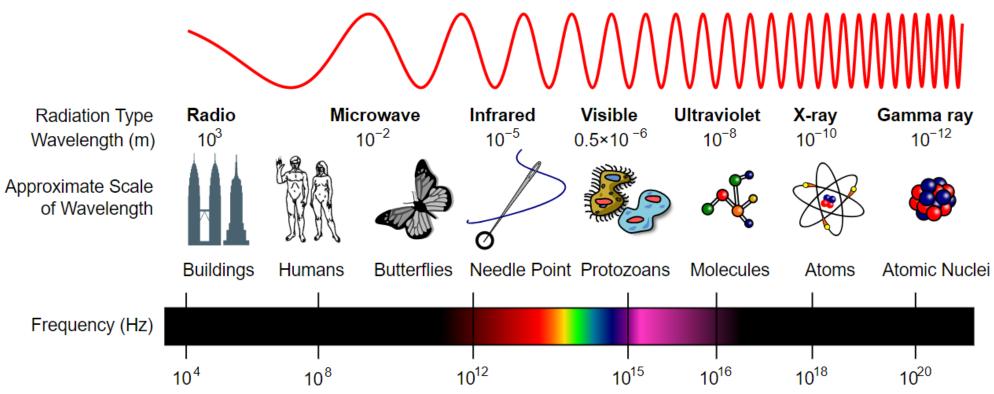


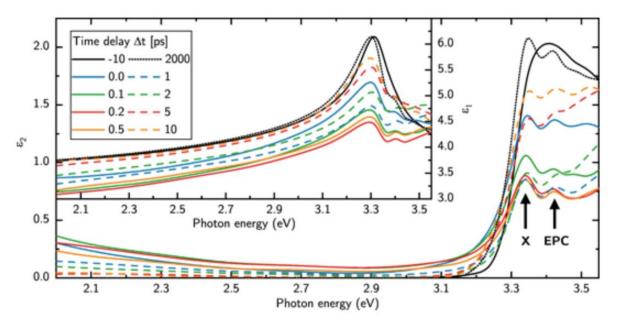


X-ray radiation

Applications of X-ray sources

CDI, material science, X-ray spectroscopy, ...





Real (ε_1 , inset) and imaginary (ε_2 , parent figure) part of the DF of the ZnO thin film at selected pump-probe delays.